2

CLAIM AMENDMENTS

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

This listing of the claims will replace all prior versions, and listing, of claims in the application:

(Currently Amended) A method for analyzing the <u>a</u> combustion noise during the injection of fuel into a cylinder (11) of an internal combustion engine (10), wherein comprising:

detecting the combustion noise within an injection cycle is detected in a measuring window—(M) which corresponds to a rotation angle of the a crankshaft—(18) of the internal combustion engine—(10),

characterized in that wherein an algorithm is formed by means of which a start and/or end position of the measuring window—(M) that is variable as a function of operating parameters is determined for the measuring window—(M) in order to register the combustion noise of an individual injection pulse.

2. (Currently Amended) The A method as claimed in according to claim 1, characterized in that wherein the end position of the measuring window—(M) is placed immediately before the a start of combustion—(SOC) of a following injection pulse.

3

- 3. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 1, wherein The method as claimed in claim 1 or 2, characterized in that the start position of the measuring window—(M) is predefined by a fixed length in time or a fixed rotation angle which is counted back from the end position of the measuring window—(M).
- 4. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 1, wherein The method as claimed in one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the measuring window—(M) is started at the a start of injection—(SOI) or immediately before the a start of combustion—(SOC) of the an injection pulse that is to be considered.
- 5. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 1, wherein The method as claimed in one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the start position and/or the a length of the measuring window (M) is determined by analysis of the an envelope (H) which is formed from the received combustion noise.
- 6. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 5, wherein The method as claimed in claim 5, characterized in that at least one local minimum value (LM) is determined by low pass filtering from the envelope—(H) which is established over two adjacent injection pulses, for example over a pre-injection and a main injection, the a position of said local minimum value—(LM) being used as the start position for the measuring window—(M).

4

- 7. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 5, wherein The method as claimed in claim 5 or 6, characterized in that if there are a number of local minimum values—(LM) the a smallest minimum value—(LM) is used as the start position for the measuring window—(M).
- 8. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 1, whereinThe method as claimed in one of the preceding claims, characterized in that, taking into account an ignition delay and/or an engine type, the measuring window—(M) is positioned in the an interval ±[[+-]]4 ° crankshaft angle—(crk) with regard to the start of the combustion noise.
- 9. (Currently Amended) A device for analyzing the combustion noise during the an injection of fuel into a cylinder—(11) of an internal combustion engine—(10) as claimed in one of the preceding claims, having comprising: a knock sensor—(14) for recording the combustion noise and—having an angle sensor—(17) for recording the rotation angle of the a crankshaft—(18) of the internal combustion engine—(10), and

characterized in that a control device (15) is provided, that the control device (15) has comprising a software program with an algorithm, and that the algorithm is embodied the software program when executed to specifying a start and/or end position of the a measuring window (M) for an individual combustion noise that is to be recorded, said start and/or end position being variable as a function of operating conditions.

5

- according to claim 9, characterized in that wherein the control device (15) is embodied to quantify an injected amount of fuel from the amplitude or the intensity of the combustion noise.
- 11. (Currently Amended) A device according to claim 9, wherein The device as claimed in claim 9 or 10, characterized in that the control device (15) records the combustion noise on a directly injecting diesel or petrol engine.
- 12. (NEW) A method according to claim 5, wherein at least one local minimum value is determined by low pass filtering from the envelope which is established over a pre-injection and a main injection, a position of said local minimum value being used as the start position for the measuring window.
- 13. (NEW) A method for analyzing a combustion noise during the injection of fuel into a cylinder of an internal combustion engine, comprising:

determining a start and/or end position of a measuring window that is variable as a function of operating parameters for the measuring window, and

detecting the combustion noise within an injection cycle in the measuring window which corresponds to a rotation angle of a crankshaft of the internal combustion engine.

6

- 14. (NEW) A method according to claim 13, wherein the end position of the measuring window is placed immediately before a start of combustion of a following injection pulse.
- 15. (NEW) A method according to claim 13, wherein the start position of the measuring window is predefined by a fixed length in time or a fixed rotation angle which is counted back from the end position of the measuring window.
- 16. (NEW) A method according to claim 13, wherein the measuring window is started at a start of injection or immediately before a start of combustion of an injection pulse that is to be considered.
- 17. (NEW) A method according to claim 13, wherein the start position and/or a length of the measuring window is determined by analysis of an envelope which is formed from the received combustion noise.
- 18. (NEW) A method according to claim 17, wherein at least one local minimum value is determined by low pass filtering from the envelope which is established over two adjacent injection pulses, a position of said local minimum value being used as the start position for the measuring window.
- 19. (NEW) A method according to claim 17, wherein if there are a number of local minimum values a smallest minimum value is used as the start position for the measuring window.

7

20. (NEW) A method according to claim 13, wherein, taking into account an ignition delay and/or an engine type, the measuring window is positioned in an interval ± 4 ° crankshaft angle with regard to the start of the combustion noise.